



# Safety Data Sheet

## 24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers

**Medical/Poison Control:**  
In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222

**Outside U.S.:** Call your local poison control center

**Transportation/National Response Center:**

1-800-535-5053

1-352-323-3500

NOTE: The National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

**IMPORTANT:** Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this MSDS are further described in Section 16.

## 1. Identification

This Safety Data Sheet is available in American Spanish upon request.  
Los Datos de Seguridad pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo requiere.

<b>Product Name:</b>	Latex Window Glazing	<b>Revision Date:</b>	6/19/2015
<b>Product UPC Number:</b>	12049	<b>Supercedes Date:</b>	New SDS
<b>Product Use/Class:</b>	Glazing	<b>SDS No:</b>	00010404001
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	DAP Products Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)		
<b>Preparer:</b>	Regulatory Department		

## 2. Hazards Identification

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. This product contains ethylene glycol.

### GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

### Symbol(s) of Product

None

### Signal Word

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Limestone	1317-65-3	50-75	GHS03	H270
Diethylene glycol dibenzoate	120-55-8	1.0-2.5	GHS03-GHS07	H270-312

Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	1.0-2.5 GHS03-GHS06	H270-331
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0 GHS03-GHS07	H270-302

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

#### 4. First-aid Measures

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Material is not likely to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** No health hazards are known to exist. In case of contact, wash skin immediately with soap and water.

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

#### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** No special protective measures against fire required.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES:** No Information

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** Contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Scrape up dried material and place into containers. Use personal protective equipment as necessary. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**STORAGE:** Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. Store away from caustics and oxidizers.

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

##### Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV-TWA</u>	<u>ACGIH-TLV STEL</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-TWA</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-CEILING</u>
Limestone	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.
Diethylene glycol dibenzoate	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylene glycol	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Quartz	0.025 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

**Further Advice:** MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation  
Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

**Personal Protection**

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift.



**SKIN PROTECTION:** Rubber gloves.



**EYE PROTECTION:** Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Not required under normal use.



**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

**9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

<b>Appearance:</b>	White to Off-White	<b>Physical State:</b>	Paste
<b>Odor:</b>	Slight	<b>Odor Threshold:</b>	Not Established
<b>Density, g/cm<sup>3</sup>:</b>	1.82 - 1.82	<b>pH:</b>	Between 7.0 and 12.0
<b>Freeze Point, °C:</b>	Not Established	<b>Viscosity (mPa.s):</b>	Not Established
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Not Established	<b>Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water:</b>	Not Established
<b>Decomposition Temperature, °C:</b>	Not Established	<b>Explosive Limits, %:</b>	N.I. - N.I.
<b>Boiling Range, °C:</b>	N.I. - N.I.	<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C</b>	Not Established
<b>Minimum Flash Point, °C:</b>	93.3	<b>Vapor Pressure, mmHg:</b>	No Information
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Slower Than n-Butyl Acetate	<b>Flash Method:</b>	Seta Closed Cup
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Heavier Than Air	<b>Flammability:</b>	No Information
<b>Combustibility:</b>	Does not support combustion		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

**10. Stability and Reactivity**

**STABILITY:** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat and freezing.

**INCOMPATIBILITY:** Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Normal decomposition products, i.e., CO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>.

**11. Toxicological Information**

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause mild irritation of respiratory system (nose, mouth, mucous membranes).

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health

effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury. Ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and if ingested in sufficient quantities, death.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** No Information

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS:** Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause irritation of eyes and skin. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease. Ethylene Glycol may cause kidney and liver damage upon prolonged and repeated overexposures. Studies have shown that repeated inhalation of ethylene glycol has produced adverse cardiovascular changes in laboratory animals. Ethylene glycol has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:** Inhalation, Skin Contact

#### Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
1317-65-3	Limestone	6450 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L
120-55-8	Diethylene glycol dibenzoate	2830 mg/kg Rat	2000 mg/kg Rabbit	> 200 mg/L Rat
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	4000 mg/kg Rat	9530 mg/kg Rabbit	> 2.5 mg/L Rat
14808-60-7	Quartz	500 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L

N.I. = No Information

## 12. Ecological Information

**ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

## 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

## 14. Transport Information

**SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS:** No Information

DOT UN/NA Number:	N.A.
DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated.
DOT Technical Name:	N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	N.A.
Hazard SubClass:	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.



**Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:**

GHS03



GHS06



GHS07



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.